

Finite Element Analysis to Investigate Electromagnetic Flowmeters of Diverse Cross sectional Shapes

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Electromagnetic Flowmeter: Working Principal



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- Ionic liquid flows across magnetic field
- EMF induced in accordance with Faraday's Law of electromagnetic induction
- Induced EMF is proportional to velocity

Scientific model required to improve understanding of complexities - design improvement



Finite Element Model of Flowmeter





- Tetrahedral meshing scheme
- Mesh resolved in zones of complicacy: Boundary layer
- Mesh independence study performed

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Finite Element Model of Flowmeter

Governing Equations



Integration provides induced potential

Solvers interaction between velocity and magnetic flux

Influence of Pipe Cross Sectional Shape

- Circular, square and rectangular cross sectional shapes chosen
- Constant area and width
- Varying height

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Magnetic Flux Density





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Influence of Pipe Cross Sectional Shape



Induced Electric Potential







Influence of Pipe Cross Sectional Shape



Triangular shaped flowmeter yields best sensitivity

- Pressure drop 45% higher in triangular shaped flowmeter
- > Conclusion: Circular shaped flowmeter yields overall best performance

Model Validation



2. EM Flowmeter Sensitivity Calculation

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- Model validation: 2 step process
- Magnetic flux modeling method validated using literature data (test)
- Flowmeter sensitivity validated against in-house test data
- Overall model predicts with acceptable accuracy: ~ 95%
 Useful predictive tool for industry